Section 1 - Identification of The Material and Supplier

Turf Culture Pty Ltd
Unit 9, 57-59 Horne St
Sunbury, Vic 3429 Australia
Phone: 03 9553 3121
Fax: 03 8888 9991
www.turfculture.com.au

Chemical Nature: Suspension concentrate
Trade Name: Impala Fungicide
APVMA Code: 80146
Product Use: Agricultural fungicide for use as described on the product label.
Creation Date: May, 2016
This version issued: June, 2016 and is valid for 5 years from this date

Section 2 - Hazards Identification

Statement of Hazardous Nature
This product is classified as: N, Dangerous to the environment. Not classified as hazardous according to the criteria of SWA.

Not subject to the ADG Code when transported in Australia by Road or Rail in packages 500kg(L) or less; or IBCs (refer to SP AU01). However if transported by Air or Sea, this provision does not apply. Then the product is classed as Dangerous (Class 9 Environmentally Hazardous) by IATA and IMDG/IMSBC respectively. See details below and in Section 14 of this SDS.

SUSMP Classification: S5
ADG Classification: Class 9: Miscellaneous dangerous goods.
UN Number: 3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.

GHS Signal word: WARNING.

HAZARD STATEMENT
H400: Very toxic to aquatic life.

PREVENTION
P102: Keep out of reach of children.
P273: Avoid release to the environment.
P281: Use personal protective equipment as required.

RESPONSE
P353: Rinse skin or shower with water.
P301+P330+P331: IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P370+P378: Not combustible. Use extinguishing media suited to burning materials.

STORAGE
P410: Protect from sunlight.
P403+P233: Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

DISPOSAL
P501: Dispose of contents and containers as specified on the registered label.

Emergency Overview

Physical Description & Colour: Milky white to light brown liquid.
Odour: No odour.
Major Health Hazards: no significant risk factors have been found for this product.

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredients</th>
<th>CAS No.</th>
<th>Conc. %</th>
<th>TWA (mg/m³)</th>
<th>STEL (mg/m³)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Azoxylostrobin</td>
<td>131860-33-8</td>
<td>96g/L</td>
<td>not set</td>
<td>not set</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Triticonazole</td>
<td>131983-72-7</td>
<td>194g/L</td>
<td>not set</td>
<td>not set</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other non-hazardous ingredients</td>
<td>secret</td>
<td>to 100</td>
<td>not set</td>
<td>not set</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Issued by: Turf Culture Pty Ltd
Poisons Information Centre: 13 11 26 from anywhere in Australia
This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary slightly. Minor quantities of other non-hazardous ingredients are also possible.

The SWA TWA exposure value is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal 8-hour working day for a 5-day working week. The STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) is an exposure value that may be equalled (but should not be exceeded) for no longer than 15 minutes and should not be repeated more than 4 times per day. There should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures at the STEL. The term "peak" is used when the TWA limit, because of the rapid action of the substance, should never be exceeded, even briefly.

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**Section 4 - First Aid Measures**

**General Information:**
You should call The Poisons Information Centre if you feel that you may have been poisoned, burned or irritated by this product. The number is 13 11 26 from anywhere in Australia (0800 764 766 in New Zealand) and is available at all times. Have this SDS with you when you call.

**Inhalation:** First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

**Skin Contact:** Irritation is unlikely. However, if irritation does occur, flush with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes or until chemical is removed.

**Eye Contact:** No effects expected. If irritation does occur, flush contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes or until the product is removed. Obtain medical advice if irritation becomes painful or lasts more than a few minutes. Take special care if exposed person is wearing contact lenses.

**Ingestion:** If product is swallowed or gets in mouth, DO NOT induce vomiting; wash mouth with water and give some water to drink. If symptoms develop, or if in doubt contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

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**Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures**

**Fire and Explosion Hazards:** The major hazard in fires is usually inhalation of heated and toxic or oxygen deficient (or both), fire gases. There is no risk of an explosion from this product under normal circumstances if it is involved in a fire.

Only small quantities of decomposition products are expected from this product at temperatures normally achieved in a fire. This will only occur after heating to dryness.

Fire decomposition products from this product may be toxic if inhaled. Take appropriate protective measures.

**Extinguishing Media:** Not combustible. Use extinguishing media suited to burning materials.

**Fire Fighting:** If a significant quantity of this product is involved in a fire, call the fire brigade.

**Flash point:**
Does not burn

**Upper Flammability Limit:**
Does not burn

**Lower Flammability Limit:**
Does not burn

**Autoignition temperature:**
Not applicable - does not burn

**Flammability Class:**
Does not burn

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**Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures**

**Accidental release:** In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or watercourses. As a minimum, wear overalls, goggles and gloves. Suitable materials for protective clothing include rubber, PVC. Eye/face protective equipment should comprise as a minimum, protective goggles. If there is a significant chance that vapours or mists are likely to build up in the cleanup area, we recommend that you use a respirator. Usually, no respirator is necessary when using this product. However, if you have any doubts consult the Australian Standard mentioned below (section 8).

Stop leak if safe to do so, and contain spill. Absorb onto sand, vermiculite or other suitable absorbent material. If spill is too large or if absorbent material is not available, try to create a dike to stop material spreading or going into drains or waterways. Sweep up and shovel or collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling or salvage, and dispose of promptly. Recycle containers wherever possible after careful cleaning. Refer to product label for specific instructions. After spills, wash area-preventing runoff from entering drains. If a significant quantity of material enters drains, advise emergency services. Full details regarding disposal of used containers, spillage and unused material may be found on the label. If there is any conflict between this SDS and the label, instructions on the label prevail. Ensure legality of disposal by consulting regulations prior to disposal. Thoroughly launder protective clothing before storage or re-use. Advise laundry of nature of contamination when sending contaminated clothing to laundry.

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**Section 7 - Handling and Storage**

**Handling:** Keep exposure to this product to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. Check Section 8 of this SDS for details of personal protective measures, and make sure that those measures are followed. The measures detailed below under "Storage" should be followed during handling in order to minimise risks to persons using the product in the workplace. Also, avoid contact or contamination of product with incompatible materials listed in Section 10.
Storage: This product is a Scheduled Poison. Observe all relevant regulations regarding sale, transport and storage of this schedule of poison. Protect this product from light. Store in the closed original container in a dry, cool, well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight. Make sure that the product does not come into contact with substances listed under “Incompatibilities” in Section 10. Some liquid preparations settle or separate on standing and may require stirring before use. Check packaging - there may be further storage instructions on the label.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

The following Australian Standards will provide general advice regarding safety clothing and equipment:


SWA Exposure Limits

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TWA (mg/m³)</th>
<th>STEL (mg/m³)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exposure limits have not been established by SWA for any of the significant ingredients in this product.</td>
<td>The ADI for Azoxystrobin is set at 0.1mg/kg/day. The corresponding NOEL is set at 10mg/kg/day. The ADI for Triticonazole is set at 0.02mg/kg/day. The corresponding NOEL is set at 2mg/kg/day. ADI means Acceptable Daily Intake; NOEL means No-observable-effect-level. Data from Australian ADI List, June 2014.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Physical Description &amp; colour: Milky white to light brown liquid</th>
<th>Odour: No odour</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Boiling Point:</td>
<td>Approximately 100°C at 100kPa</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Freezing/Melting Point:</td>
<td>No specific data. Liquid at normal temperatures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volatiles: Water component</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour Pressure: 2.37 kPa at 20°C (water vapour pressure)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour Density: As for water</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific Gravity: 1.05-1.16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Water Solubility: Forms suspensions in water.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH: 6.5-7.5 (1% in water)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Volatility: No data</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour Threshold: No data</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation Rate: As for water.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coeff Oil/water Distribution: No data</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoignition temp: Not applicable - does not burn</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: This product is unlikely to react or decompose under normal storage conditions. However, if you have any doubts, contact the supplier for advice on shelf life properties.

Conditions to Avoid: Protect this product from light. Store in the closed original container in a dry, cool, well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight.

Incompatibilities: strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidising agents.

Fire Decomposition: Only small quantities of decomposition products are expected from this product at temperatures normally achieved in a fire. This will only occur after heating to dryness. Combustion forms carbon dioxide, and if incomplete, carbon monoxide and possibly smoke. Water is also formed. May form nitrogen and its compounds, and under some circumstances, oxides of nitrogen. Occasionally hydrogen cyanide gas in reducing atmospheres. May form hydrogen chloride gas, other compounds of chlorine. Carbon monoxide poisoning produces
headache, weakness, nausea, dizziness, confusion, dimness of vision, disturbance of judgment, and unconsciousness followed by coma and death.

Polymerisation: This product will not undergo polymerisation reactions.

### Section 11 - Toxicological Information

#### Local Effects:

There is no data to hand indicating any particular target organs.

#### Target Organs:

There is no data to hand indicating any particular target organs.

#### Classification of Hazardous Ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>Risk Phrases</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No ingredient mentioned in the HSIS Database is present in this product at hazardous concentrations.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Azoxystrobin</strong>: LD₅₀ Oral, Rat &gt;5000mg/kg</td>
<td>LD₅₀ Dermal, Rat &gt;2000mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC₅₀ Inhalation, Rat = &gt;4.67mg/L/4hr</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Triticonazole</strong>: LD₅₀ (Oral), Rat &gt;2000mg/kg</td>
<td>LD₅₀ (Dermal), Rat &gt;2000mg/kg</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC₅₀ Inh, 4hr Rat 1.4mg/L</td>
<td>Not a skin sensitiser.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Potential Health Effects

#### Inhalation:

**Short Term Exposure**: Available data indicates that this product is not harmful. In addition product is unlikely to cause any discomfort or irritation.

**Long Term Exposure**: No data for health effects associated with long-term inhalation.

#### Skin Contact:

**Short Term Exposure**: Available data indicates that this product is not harmful. It should present no hazards in normal use. However product may be mildly irritating, but is unlikely to cause anything more than mild discomfort, which should disappear once contact ceases.

**Long Term Exposure**: No data for health effects associated with long-term skin exposure.

#### Eye Contact:

**Short Term Exposure**: This product may be irritating to eyes, but is unlikely to cause anything more than mild transient discomfort.

**Long Term Exposure**: No data for health effects associated with long-term eye exposure.

#### Ingestion:

**Short Term Exposure**: Significant oral exposure is considered to be unlikely. However, this product may be irritating to mucous membranes but is unlikely to cause anything more than transient discomfort.

**Long Term Exposure**: No data for health effects associated with long-term ingestion.

#### Carcinogen Status:

**SWA**: No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by SWA.

**NTP**: No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP.

**IARC**: No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by IARC.

### Section 12 - Ecological Information

This product is biodegradable. It will not accumulate in the soil or water or cause long-term problems.

In general, acute toxicology studies indicate that Azoxystrobin is practically nontoxic to birds, mammals, and bees; highly toxic to freshwater fish, freshwater invertebrates, and estuarine/marine fish; and very highly toxic to estuarine/marine invertebrates.

See http://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/cgi-bin/sis/search/a?dbs+hsdb:@term+@DOCNO+7017 For Azoxystrobin:

- **Birds**: LD₅₀ bobwhite quail: >2000mg/kg  
  LD₅₀ mallard: >250mg/kg
- **Fish**: LC₅₀ rainbow trout: 0.47mg/L  
  LC₅₀ bluegill sunfish: 1.1mg/L
- **Bees**: LD₅₀ >200µg/bee  
  Daphnia: EC₅₀ 0.26mg/L
- **Worms**: LD₅₀ (Worms) 278mg/kg

For Triticonazole:

- **LD₅₀ Bird**: bobwhite quail: >2000mg/kg  
  LD₅₀ pigeon: >2000mg/kg
- **LC₅₀ Fish**: rainbow trout: >10mg/L  
  EC₅₀ Algae: >1mg/L
- **EC₅₀ Daphnia**: >9.3mg/L
Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Disposal: Special help is available for the disposal of Agricultural Chemicals. The product label will give general advice regarding disposal of small quantities, and how to cleanse containers. However, for help with the collection of unwanted rural chemicals, contact ChemClear 1800 008 182 http://www.chemclear.com.au/ and for help with the disposal of empty drums, contact DrumMuster http://www.drummuster.com.au/ where you will find contact details for your area.

Section 14 - Transport Information

Not subject to the ADG Code when transported by Road or Rail in Australia, in packages 500kg(L) or less; or IBCs, but classed as Dangerous by IATA and IMDG/IMSBC when carried by Air or Sea transport (see details below).

UN Number: 3082, ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.
Hazchem Code: •3Z
Special Provisions: 179, 274, 331, 335, AU01
Limited quantities: ADG 7 specifies a Limited Quantity value of 5 L for this class of product.
Dangerous Goods Class: Class 9: Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods.
Packing Group: III
Packing Instruction: P001, IBC03, LP01
Class 9 Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods shall not be loaded in the same vehicle or packed in the same freight container with Dangerous Goods of Class 1 (Explosives).

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

AICS: All of the significant ingredients in this formulation are compliant with NICNAS regulations.
The following ingredients: Azoxystrobin, Triticonazole, are mentioned in the SUSMP.

Section 16 - Other Information

This SDS contains only safety-related information. For other data see product literature.

Acronyms:
ADG Code Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (7th edition)
AICS Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances
SWA Safe Work Australia, formerly ASCC and NOHSC
CAS number Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number
Hazchem Code Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency services especially firefighters
IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer
NOS Not otherwise specified
NTP National Toxicology Program (USA)
R-Phrase Risk Phrase
SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines & Poisons
UN Number United Nations Number

Please read all labels carefully before using product

This SDS is prepared in accord with the SWA document “Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals - Code of Practice” (December 2011)